

ADVANCED MATERIALS

Supporting Information

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Visible-Frequency Metasurface for Structuring and Spatially Multiplexing Optical Vortices

*M. Q. Mehmood, Shengtao Mei, Sajid Hussain, Kun Huang, S. Y. Siew, Lei Zhang, Tianhang Zhang, Xiaohui Ling, Hong Liu, Jinghua Teng, Aaron Danner, Shuang Zhang, and Cheng-Wei Qiu**

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M. Q. Mehmood^{1†}, Shengtao Mei^{1,2†}, Sajid Hussain^{1†}, Kun Huang³, S. Y. Siew¹, Lei Zhang¹,

Tianhang Zhang¹, Xiaohui Ling^{1,4}, Hong Liu³, Jinghua Teng³, Aaron Danner¹, Shuang

Zhang⁵, and Cheng-Wei Qiu^{1,2}*

¹Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering, National University of Singapore, 4 Engineering Drive 3, Singapore 117576.

²Graduate School for Integrative Sciences and Engineering, National University of Singapore, Centre for Life Sciences (CeLS), #05-01, 28 Medical Drive Singapore 117456, Singapore

³Institute of Materials Research and Engineering, Agency for Science, Technology and Research (A*STAR), 3 Research Link, Singapore 117602.

⁴College of Physics and Electronic Engineering, Hengyang Normal University, Hengyang, 421002, China.

⁵School of Physics & Astronomy, University of Birmingham, Birmingham, B15 2TT, UK

[†] These Authors contributed equally to this work.

E-mail: chengwei.qiu@nus.edu.sg

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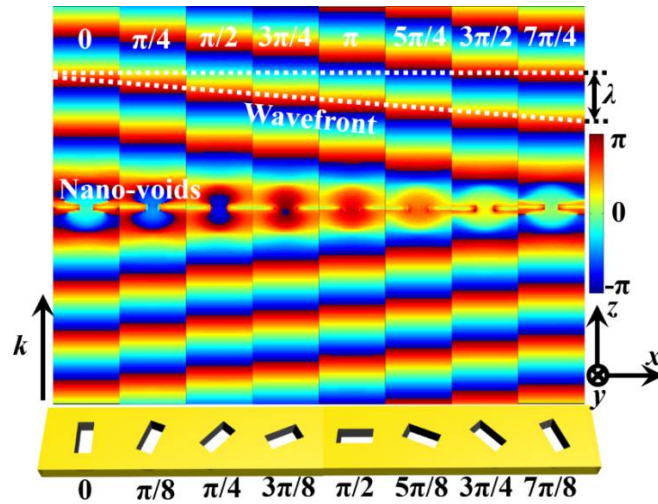


Figure S1 | Discrete Phase-variation (from 0 to $7\pi/4$), obtain through FDTD lumerical simulations, corresponding to the orientation of individual nano-voids (ranging from 0 to $7\pi/8$).

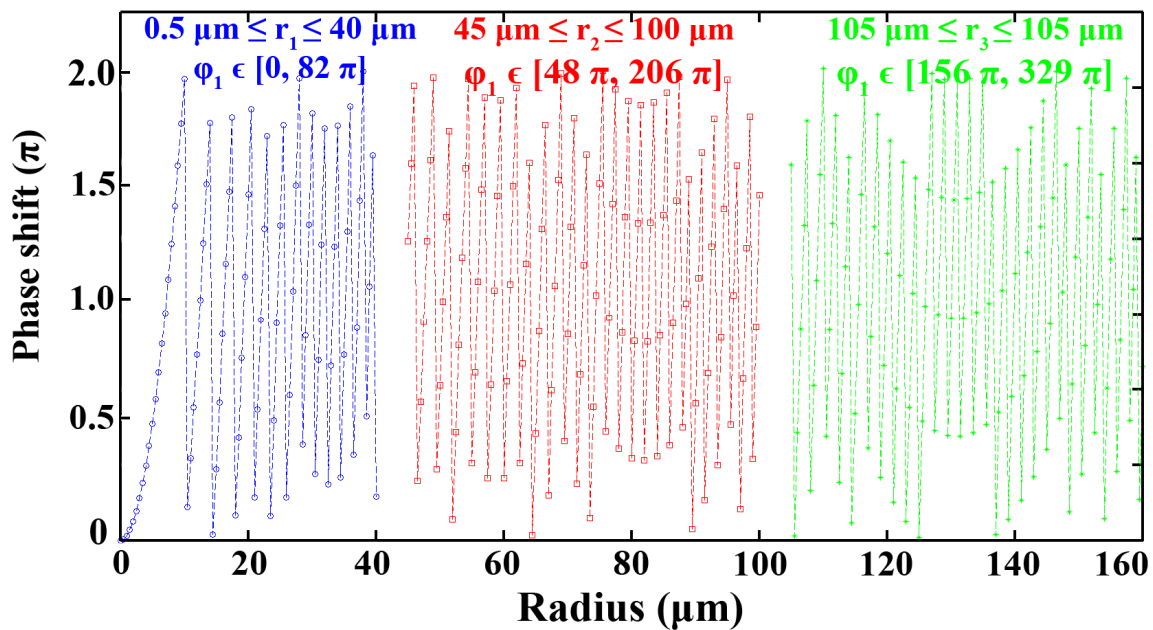


Figure S2 | The phase discontinuity for the positive polarity lenses for RHCP illumination along the radial direction. The ranges of radial angular rotations of nano-voids for inner, middle and outer sub-lens are $[0, 82\pi]$, $[48\pi, 206\pi]$ and $[156\pi, 329\pi]$, respectively.

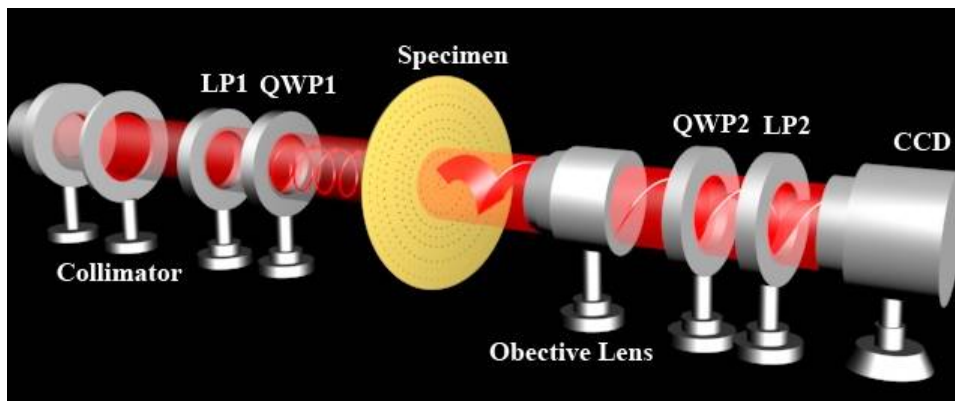


Figure S3 | Schematic of the experimental to characterize the metalens. A Laser beam from He-Ne ($\lambda = 632.8$ nm) is collimated before impinging on the pair of LP1 and QWP1. The obtained CP beam, through LP1 and QWP1, is then shined onto the sample and an objective lens ($\times 100$) is employed to enlarge the image. A second pair of LP2 and QWP2 is used to acquire cross-polarized illumination before capturing the intensity profile through CCD.